

Carlingford

DESIGN STANDARDS





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TVision

Carlingford

Carlingford is the first major residential development of its kind in Lalor for over a decade. Here you can live the lifestyle you always wanted in the home of your dreams without having to move away from family and friends.

Everything you're familiar with will be close by: schools, a train station, shops and all your favourite recreational, leisure and sporting facilities, plus you'll have easy access to the Hume Highway and Western Ring Road.

Carlingford has been designed to provide for community living among tree lined streets, a network of cycle paths and walkways, over 9 hectares of open space which includes precious conservation areas, and landscaped reserves all just 18km north of Melbourne's CBD.* This will be a development where the quality is evident the moment you enter.

It will also be a place where the environment is carefully considered, with water sensitive urban designs and purchasers are encouraged to adopt water and energy saving features in all new homes.

Carlingford will accommodate approximately 600 new housing lots offering a choice of lifestyle options, from low maintenance terrace and townhouse lots to larger sized family lots. Choose the lot that suits your lifestyle and then choose your builder.

Cedar Woods has maintained links with the local history of the area through the continued use of the name "Carlingford" which was the name given to the original farm on the site. The location is set within the suburb of Lalor which takes its name from Peter Lalor, leader of the miners who fought at the Eureka Stockade



* Carlingford is 18km's north of Melbourne CBD traveling in a straight line

Note: aerial photo - looking south



Carlingford

rebellion in 1854. Originally from Tinakill in County Laois, Ireland, Peter Lalor was the son of a member of the British House of Commons and went on to become Speaker of the Legislative Assembly of Victoria.

There won't be any surprises at Carlingford. Comprehensive design standards will seek to ensure that every home in your street is complementary to neighbouring homes and like all Cedar Woods' developments, Carlingford will be delivered to a premium standard that is renowned in the marketplace.

















Carlingford will showcase excellent urban design outcomes and contemporary Australian architectural style. The design team studied the best examples of masterplanned communities around the world and brings aspects of these projects together for Carlingford.

Meticulously master planned to create an appealing place to live, Carlingford will feature attractive vistas created through the careful positioning of parks and streets with particular attention to detail paid to the prominent lots.

The mixture of contemporary facades and landscaping will create a suburb of visually interesting, innovative and stylish streetscapes.

These Design Standards will help ensure Carlingford is a premium development for Melbourne.



Purpose of these Design Standards

Purpose of these Design Standards

These Design Standards are in place to encourage the best possible housing design outcomes throughout this new community.

Carlingford is set to be a showcase for contemporary Australian architectural housing. The Design Standards set out the standards to which each house design must comply in order to achieve this outcome.

The Design Standards allow flexibility and are easy to apply. Purchasers should understand these standards and select the best builders to assist them in delivering their home.

The Design Standards aim to assist in our goal of creating a premium new housing development and will help protect the substantial investment that you will make in your home.















ZDesign

Approval

Design Approval Process

The design approval process helps ensure your investment in your home is better protected.

In order to ensure the highest standards of housing and streetscapes, all proposed house designs will be subject to review and approval by the Cedar Woods Design Review Panel.

The design approval process is outlined below and stipulated in greater detail in the contract of sale.

Design Standards Approval Process

Step 1 Decide upon your builder, house type and facade.

Step 2 Use the check list accompanying this booklet to ensure your chosen

facade and home meets the standards required for approval. If in doubt, seek early clarification from the Design Review Panel.

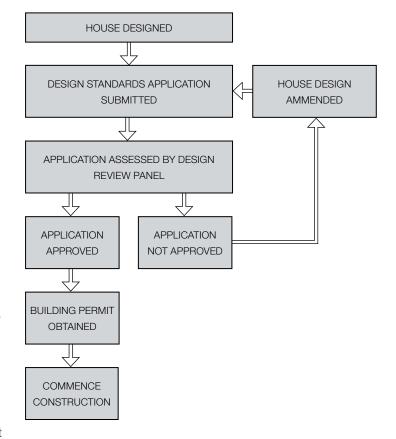
Step 3 Forward your completed application comprising Design Standards

Application form, checklist and other required documentation (see section 'Application Requirements') to the Design Review Panel.

Step 4 The Design Review Panel will review your application to ensure

your home complies with the Design Standards. If your design complies with the Design Standards, your plan will be approved and returned to you. Compliant applications will usually be processed within 14 days of receipt by the Design Review Panel.

If your design requires changes in order to comply with the Design Standards, the Design Review Panel will provide written advice detailing the areas of non-compliance and return the application to you for amendment and resubmission. Depending upon the number of resubmissions required, you may incur additional charges relating to these. Your builder or a member of the Design Review Panel may be able to suggest ways to ensure compliance.





Design Review Panel

The purpose of the Cedar Woods' Design Review Panel is to ensure that all homes comply with the Carlingford Design Standards.

The Design Review Panel is comprised of members of the Carlingford development team, and specialist consultants - as required, including town architects and urban designers.

Should you require an explanation or clarification of terms and standards within this document, contact the team on 0498 000 175 or email drp@cedarwoods.com.au

Notes on the Design Approval Process:

Carlingford design approval does not constitute a building permit nor replace the need for a building permit.

A building permit must be obtained from City of Whittlesea or a private building surveyor prior to the commencement of construction.

Applications must contain all the required information as identified in the section 'Application Requirements'. The Design Review Panel will not accept incomplete applications. Design Approval will only be granted to the application as a whole, when all the application requirements have been assessed as fully compliant with the Carlingford Design Standards. Approval will not be granted to part of an application.

Design Approval is granted only to those works that are detailed within the plans and other documentation submitted for approval. Any and all changes to the approved design and details will need to be submitted for approval by the Design Review Panel. In case of a conflict between two or more standards, the Design Review Panel will assess the application on its merits and compliance in general with these standards.

The decision to approve or not approve an application is solely the decision of the Design Review Panel.



Application Requirements

The application requirements listed below allow the Cedar Woods Design Review Panel to thoroughly assess house designs to ensure the best possible outcome for your new neighbourhood.

All applications must be sent to:

: drp@cedarwoods.com.au

Design Standards Application Requirements:

- Completed Design Standards Application Form
- Checklist
- Site plan including:
 - Dimensions and areas of proposed building structures;
 - Setbacks to all boundaries and private open space dimensions;
 - Original and proposed finished ground levels, including changes in level;
 - Allotment boundaries, dimensions, areas and North point;
 - Driveways, parking areas, all hardstand surfaces (including paving and pools); and
 - Details of proposed retaining walls.
 - Extent of fencing for corner lots.
- Floor plans, roof plan and elevations including:
 - Internal layout including rooms, balconies, verandahs, decks, windows, openings and dimensions;
 - Position of water tanks, TV antennas, air-conditioning units, evaporative cooling units, solar water heaters, solar panels, pool heaters, outbuildings and sheds.
 - Roof form.
 - All elevations fully dimensioned.
- Materials and Colour Schedule including:
 - Building materials proposed to be used for external walls, roofing, pathways, driveways, fencing, retaining walls; and
 - Colour schedule for external walls, roofing, pathways and driveways.
- Written statement of the sustainability initiatives/features that have been incorporated into the design and construction of the home. Include a description of sustainability features as per Design Standard 4.02 (page 24).



Design Standards Application Form

Allo	otment Details						
Lot	number		Stre	et			
Ow	ner Details						
Nar	ne						
Mai	ling address						
Pho	ne BH				Mobile		
Emo	ıil						
Bui	lder Details						
Nar							
	npany						
	ling address						
	_						
Phone BH Email					Mobile		
EIIIC	III						
De	sign Details						
House type							
Faç	ade type						
Has	the house been n	nodified in	any way	from the standard build	ders plan for this hous	e type and facade?	
	Yes 🗆	No	□ Ur	nsure			
Att	achments						
	Checklist						
	Site plan						
	Full set of building	se been modified in any way from the standard builders plan for this house type and facade? No Unsure ents list an t of building plans including floor plan, roof plan and elevations als and Colour Schedule a statement of sustainability initiatives/features that have been incorporated into the design and construction of					
	Materials and Co	olour Sched	dule				
	Written statement the home.	nt of susta	inability	initiatives/features tha	at have been incorpo	rated into the design	and construction of
I/W	e intend to constru	ict. In the ev	vent that o	ached application is a to changes are made to to cur any additional fees	ne proposed plans, l/v	ve undertake to resubr	
Sigr	ned					Date	



Design Standards Checklist

Standard			No	Unsure*
3.01	Your home has an entry element such as a portico, verandah or porch.			
3.01	The front door faces the street.			
3.02	The garage does not dominate your facade.			
3.03	The portico has a minimum area of 4m2 in total and is at least 1.5m deep.			
3.04	The verandah has a minimum area of 4m2 in total and is at least 1.5m deep.			
3.05	The porch has a minimum area of 5m2 in total.			
3.06	Your home is contemporary in character and is not a period reproduction.			
3.07	Your home does not contain external period elements.			
3.08	Facades must not be identical or indistinguishable within three housing lots.			
3.09	The windows, doors and sidelights do not contain any leadlight or stained glass.			
3.10	The windows to the facade and any elevation visible from the street are not aluminium sliding windows frames.			
3.11	The facade will be constructed using a variety of external building materials.			
3.12	The facade has a minimum of 20% render or material other than brick.			
3.13	The materials and finish used on the façade will return 800mm on the side elevations.			
3.14	External plumbing, reticulated and wired services are not visible from the street or public realm.			
3.15	The meter box is not located on the front facade			
3.16	There are no infill panels above any doors, garage doors or windows on an elevation visible from the street.			
3.17	The roof is simple, uncomplicated and does not dominate the facade.			
3.19	The eaves are a minimum of 450mm deep.			
3.20	The roof covering material conforms with the approved materials listed in the Design Standards			
3.21	There is provision for two car parking spaces, of which one is under cover.			
3.22	The garage/carport is set back a minimum of 840mm from the building line.			
3.23	The width of your double garage is 6m externally or less.			
3.25	The garage door is a sectional overhead door.			
3.26	The carport is single car width.			
3.27	The carport complements the main dwelling.			
3.28	The carport is fixed to the side of the home and abuts the side fence.			
3.29	The carport is fitted with a sectional overhead garage door.			
3.30	The external colour scheme is reflective of contemporary Australian architectural style and complements the examples shown in 3.30 and Appendix 1.			

^{*}Unsure or not applicable to my application



Standa	Standard			Unsure*
4.01	Principles of environmentally sustainable design have been incorporated into the design of the home.			
4.02	An additional genuine water or energy saving measure has been provided, over and above that required for five star certification under current regulations.			
4.03	Methods for reducing energy and water consumption have been incorporated into the design of the home.			
5.01	The indoor and outdoor living areas face north, when practical and possible.			
5.02	Your home conforms to the minimum floor area requirements.			
5.03	The dwelling is set back a minimum of 4.5m and maximum of 6.5m from the front property boundary, and allowable elements do not encroach more than 1.5m into the set back.			
5.04	The garage is set back a minimum of 5.5m from the front boundary.			
5.05	At least one side is setback a minimum of 1m from the boundary.			
6.01	If the home is on a corner lot, treatments to the primary street frontage are repeated on the secondary street frontage forward of the fence line.			
6.02	For corner lots, features of the primary street frontage are replicated on the secondary street frontage forward of the fence line.			
6.03	For corner lots, the secondary facade complies with standards 3.07, 3.09-3.12, 3.14-3.16.			
6.04	For corner lots, the secondary facade is setback a minimum of 2.0m from the secondary property boundary.			
6.05	For corner lots, fencing of the secondary facade begins no closer than 10m from the front boundary.			
6.06	The facade and entrance of the home face the primary frontage.			
7.01	There is a maximum of one crossover and driveway per lot.			
7.02	The driveway is constructed of approved materials and is complementary to the colour schemes in Appendix 1.			
7.03	The driveway will be completed within 30 days of the issue of the Occupancy Permit.			
7.04	There is a planting strip between the boundary and driveway.			
7.05	A 90mm PCV pipe or similar pipe should be installed beneath the driveway, 1m from the front boundary.			
8.01 & 8.04	The fencing will conform to the requirements as per the Design Standards. (Tick 'Yes' if fencing provided by the developer)			
8.02 & 8.03	The side wing fencing will conform to the requirements as per the standards.			
8.05	The items listed in this standard are/will be positioned so they are not visible from the street, or are screened appropriately.			
8.06	Solar hot water tanks are not visible from the street.			

^{*}Unsure or not applicable to my application



Landscaping Checklist

Standard		Yes	No	Unsure*
9.01	Landscaping will be completed within 6 months of the issue of the Occupancy Permit.			
9.02	The front garden 'frames' the house and creates a 'space' within the front yard area.			
9.02	Plants have been layered to create an open face to the street.			
9.02	The use of accent and highlight plants has been limited.			
9.02	The garden reflects a contemporary character.			
9.03	At least one semi mature tree has been included in the design.			
9.03	At least 10 medium to large shrubs have been included in the design.			
9.03	At least 20 smaller shrubs have been included in the design.			
9.03	At least 20-25 ground cover plants from 150mm pot size at installation have been included in the design.			
9.04	All plants are hardy, drought tolerant, appropriate for basaltic clay and are not environmental weeds.			
9.05	If used, lawn is drought tolerant, warm season grass.			
9.06	If used, lawn substitute is hardy, drought tolerant and has minimal maintenance requirements.			
9.07	Planted garden areas and garden beds are defined and separated from lawn or gravel areas with timber or paved edging.			
9.09	The letter box will be constructed, positioned and installed as per the standard.			

^{*}Unsure or not applicable to my application



Architectural Character

The appearance of the facade of a house is of critical importance in terms of contribution to the streetscape. Whether positively or negatively, the facade of your home has an impact on your neighbours and the environment. Care must be taken, especially in the design phase, to ensure your home contributes positively to the streetscape and is in harmony with Carlingford's contemporary Australian architectural style.

Objective:

- To ensure that all houses are of contemporary Australian architectural style and that the detail on the facades contributes positively to the streetscape.
- To minimise repetitious facades along the streetscape.

Architectural Style

Design Standards

Your home must incorporate an entry element such as a portico, porch or verandah. The entry element must clearly frame the entry and the front entry must face the primary frontage.















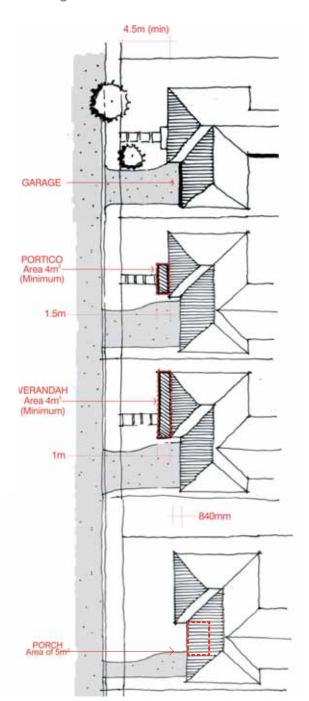






Architectural Character

Design Standards



3.02 Your garage must not dominate the

street front or facade of the house and must be a secondary element to the facade and building mass.

Porticos must be appropriately scaled in relation to the size of the dwelling, and must have a minimum area of 4m² and a minimum depth of 1.5m

3.04 Verandahs must be of a contemporary nature

that complement the style of the home and must have a minimum area of 4m² and a minimum depth of 1m.

3.05 Porches must have a minimum area of 5m²

and should include a feature that clearly frames or otherwise identifies the entrance.

Definitions:

Verandah: an open, roofed gallery supported by posts, built along the length of the exterior of a house.

Portico: a roofed area central to the front entrance of the home, open to the air on one or more sides, typically supported on one side by the facade of a building and on the remaining sides by piers or columns.

Porch: a roofed structure attached to the front entrance of a building. It is external to the walls of the main building, and may be partially enclosed by external walls, screens or other light frame walls extending from the main structure.









Architectural Character

Design Standards

3.06

Your home must be of contemporary Australian architectural

character. Period reproduction styles and mixtures of styles, for example Federation, Edwardian, Colonial, Victorian, Georgian, Neo-Classical etc are not considered to be of contemporary Australian architectural character, and therefore are not permitted.





3.07

Your home must not contain external

period decorative elements. For example, finials, fretwork, wrought iron, ornate timber works, turned posts, decorative wooden lacework, corbelling and quoins are not considered appropriate to contemporary Australian architectural character and will not be approved.

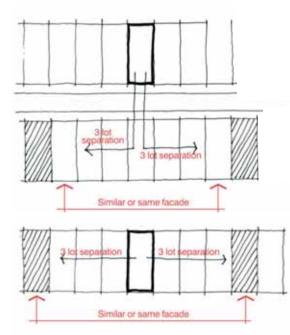




3.08

With the exception of designated integrated

housing developments, facades must not be identical or indistinguishable within three house lots, along both sides of the street. In the event that two applications request the same or similar facades, facade approval will be granted to the first application received.







Building Materials

The appearance of a home, through careful design and material selection, can have many beneficial outcomes such as good capital growth and contributing to neighbourhood character. These outcomes can be achieved by careful and skilled use of external building materials that harmoniously fit within the character of the streetscape and neighbourhood.

Objective:

To ensure that an appropriate selection of external materials are used in the facade, ensuring individuality and variety in the streetscape.





Design Standards

3.09 External windows and doors must not contain

leadlight or stained glass features.

3.10 Aluminium sliding windows and doors

must not be used on the front facade or any elevation visible from the street.







3.11

Your facade must be constructed using a

mixture of external building materials.

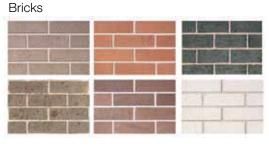
Some suggestions are:

- Render
- Boutique bricks
- Stacked stone
- Sandstone or masonry blocks
- Painted weatherboard
- Lightweight cladding
- Timber cladding

Note: Plain face brick to the entire facade is not permitted.

Sandstone or Masonry Blockwork / Render







Stone



Timber Cladding













Building Materials

Below are examples of homes that meet the design standard for incorporating a variety of external building materials.





















Building Materials





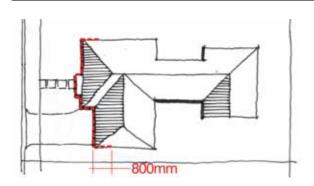
Design Standards

The design of your home must include

a minimum 20% of render or material other than brick on the facade (calculated from elevation area minus windows, doors and garage doors).

The Cedar Woods Design Review Panel strongly encourages minimal use of face brick.





3.13 The materials and finish used for the front

facade must return by a minimum of 800mm on the side elevations. The change of material should be located where downpipes or other accepted treatments cover the joint.

3.14 Exte

External plumbing (excluding drainage

downpipes), reticulated or wired services must not be visible from the street.

3.15

Meter boxes must not be located on the

front facade.





3.16 On all elevations visible from the street, infill

panels above doors, garage doors and windows must be constructed from the same material as the bulk of the surrounding external cladding. Cement sheeting and timber infill panels are not permitted. Timber lintels over garage doors are not permitted unless clearly in keeping with the architectural character of the home as a whole.



Roof Design

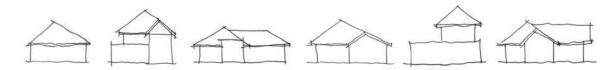
In keeping with the style of housing in Carlingford, roof design should be of a scale, form and material that is representative of contemporary Australian architecture.

Objective:

To ensure that all roof forms are of contemporary design and do not dominate streetscapes.

Design Standards

Roof design must be of simple form that does not dominate the facade. Roof design may incorporate articulated roof heights.





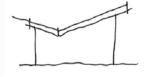




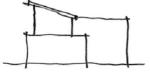


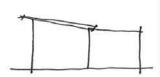


3.18 Flat pitched, skillion and curved roofs are considered contemporary and are strongly encouraged.













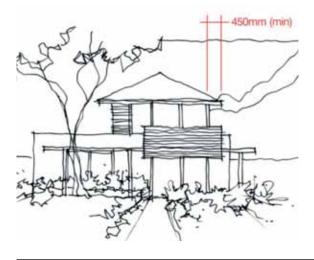








Roof Design



Design Standards

3.19 When appropriate for the architectural

character of the individual home, eaves are strongly encouraged.

Where eaves are included in the house design, they must be a minimum of 450mm in depth.









3.20

To achieve a contemporary

Australian architectural style, roofing must be of one of the following materials:

- Matt finished powder coated metal roofing or similar; or
- Matt finished shingle style terracotta or concrete tiles, or
- Matt finished low profile or slimline terracotta or concrete tiles





Powder coated metal roof





Garages and Carports

Garages and Carports are essential elements in contemporary Australian homes.

When garages and carports are sited in front of the bulk of the facade they dominate the streetscape, which is unappealing. Garages and carports are to be secondary elements to the main facade and building mass.

Objective:

To ensure the location and treatment of garages and carports can contribute positively to the streetscape.

Standards

3.21 Each home must include provision for

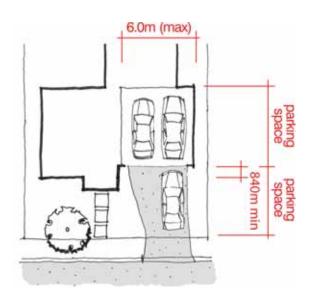
two car parking spaces, of which one must be undercover in either a garage or carport.

3.22 Garages and carports must be stepped back

a minimum of 840mm from the building line.

The width of single garages must not

exceed 55% of the width of the facade. The external width of garages must not exceed 6 metres.



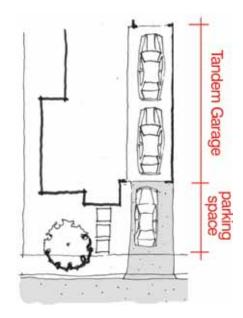


Tandem garages are permitted.

3.25 All garage doors to the front facade or any

elevation that faces the street must be a sectional overhead door that is complementary to the external colour scheme. Roller doors must not be used where visible from the street.

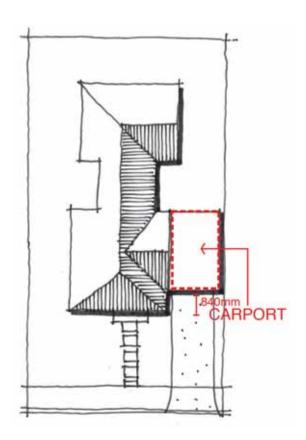
Note: Cedar Woods Design Review Panel may consider and approve other garage door styles if this element is in keeping with the contemporary character of Carlingford.







Garages and Carports



Design Standards

Carports must be single car width only and used only with either no garage or a single car garage.

3.27 Carports must complement the character of the main dwelling.

3.28 Carports must be fixed to the side of the home and abut the side fence.

3.29 Carports must be fitted with garage doors that comply with standard 3.25.





Colour Schemes

Carlingford will have a colour scheme that is reflective of contemporary Australian architectural style. Your external colour scheme must be submitted for approval by the Cedar Woods Design Review Panel.

3 Landscaping

Objective:

To ensure there is a visual balance and coherence of the streetscape as a whole.

Design Standards

3.30

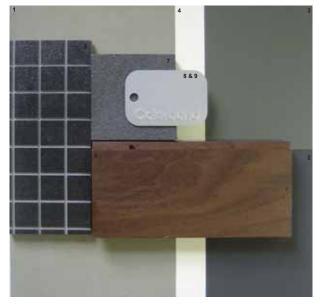
The external colour scheme must complement the following examples.



Scheme 1



Scheme 2



Scheme 3



Scheme 4



Streetscape Examples



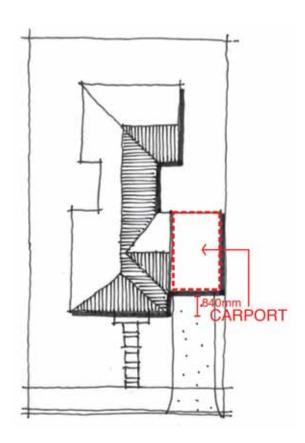


Streetscape Examples





Garages and Carports



Design Standards

Carports must be single car width only and used only with either no garage or a single car garage.

3.27 Carports must complement the character of the main dwelling.

3.28 Carports must be fixed to the side of the home and abut the side fence.

3.29 Carports must be fitted with garage doors that comply with standard 3.25.

version 1.0



28 carlingford design standards



Maximising Water and Energy Efficiency

Saving water and energy is now a major priority in Australian cities. Careful consideration should be given to methods of gaining greater water and energy efficiencies.

Some water and energy saving methods can mean an increased up front cost, but these efficiencies can minimise our use of potable water, reduce our use of non-renewable energy and have the potential to save thousands of dollars in the long term while enhancing our quality of life.

Objective:

To ensure that all new houses conserve water and that buildings are designed to maximise cross ventilation and access to sunlight, and to reduce energy consumption from heating and cooling.

Design Standards

4.03

Purchasers are strongly encouraged to incorporate the following methods for reducing energy and water consumption for inclusion into their home:

Water

Reduce water demand in taps, toilets and showers.

- Install 3 star WELS rated shower heads
- Install 4 star WELS rated dual flush toilet
- Install 4 star WELS rated dishwashers and washing machines
- Install 4 star WELS rated tapware or 5 star WELS rated flow restrictors to taps
- Install mixer taps in showers
- Install separate hot and cold taps over basins and sinks
- Install a 5,000L or 10,000L rainwater tank connected to the entire roof area.
- Install a grey water diversion system
- Fit timers to external taps
- Install hot water pipe recirculation

Energy Use

Reduce energy use, especially associated with heating and cooling.

- Incorporate a sealed entry foyer
- Avoid air conditioning
- Install ceiling fans where ceiling heights allow for their installation
- Install a photovoltaic or other renewable energy system
- Install thermally improved window frames
- Install window coverings that will insulate and prevent heat loss in winter and heat gain in summer
- Use pelmets to increase window covering efficiency
- · Install heat recovery ventilation systems
- Install heating and cooling systems that achieve a performance within 1 star of the maximum
- Install appliances that achieve a performance within 1 star of the maximum
- Use gas appliances for cooking
- Install energy efficient lighting















Site Orientation and Coverage

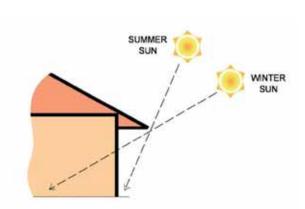
5

Site Planning Principles

The foundation of designing a home to perfectly suit your family and lifestyle is ensuring optimal siting and orientation. Paying careful attention to how your home will be positioned on the lot can provide many advantages such as maximised living area (both indoors and outdoors) exposed to the winter sun, optimal configuration for your gardens and landscaping, and the opportunity to take advantage of any vistas or views that may be present.

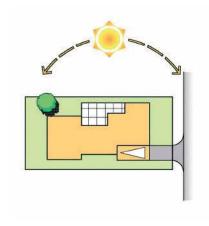
Objective:

To optimise the benefits of direct solar access such as energy saving by achieving a high level of unobstructed winter sunshine and reduced heat transference in summer.



Design Standards

5.01 Indoor and outdoor living areas should face north wherever possible and practical.

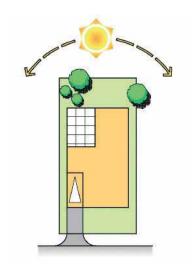


5.02 The minimum floor area for each dwelling

must be as follows:

- Lots under 400m² - 80m² - Lots between 401m² - 500m² - 125m² - Lots 501m² or more - 185m²

'Minimum floor area' is defined as living areas only (It does not include the garage, portico, verandahs, porches or alfresco areas.)





Building Setbacks

Setbacks for buildings exist to ensure that throughout the neighbourhood there is order and structure to the streetscape and to avoid issues such as overshadowing and the reflection of solar glare from adjoining homes. Adherence to setbacks contributes significantly to the visual appearance and ultimately the quality of the streetscape.

Objective:

To enhance the opportunity to site and orient the house for the maximum amenity while minimising impacts to neighbouring dwellings.

Design Standards

5.03 All dwellings must be setback a minimum

of 4.5m and maximum of 6.5m from the front boundary. Eaves, gutters, fascia, porticos, porches, verandahs and balconies may encroach 1.5 metres into the setback

The garage must be setback a minimum of

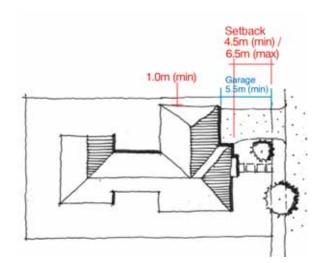
5.5m from the primary property boundary.

5.05 With the exception of designated integrated

housing developments side setbacks must be a minimum of 1.0m from at least one side boundary.

Note: In the event that the setbacks in these standards are less than any designated easements, the easement width will govern the setback.

Note: Front setback dimensions are also subject to the restrictions on the plan of subdivision and building regulation requirements.







Corner Lots

6 Corner Lots Given that corner lots address two street fronts, the appearance of the two elevations addressing the streets is an important consideration. Homes on corner lots have an important function in the appearance of the neighbourhood and as such careful design and additional Design Standards are to be employed.

Objective:

To ensure that designs for corner lots address both street frontages.



Design Standards

6.01 Houses on corner lots must address both

street frontages, and the materials, window treatments, embellishments and colour scheme used on the primary facade must be continued on the secondary facade, forward of the side fence line.

6.02 Features of the primary facade such as porticos

or verandahs must be replicated on the secondary facade forward of the fence line OR an appropriate corner lot feature must be included on the secondary facade forward of the fence line.

Appropriate corner lot features will be assessed on a case by case basis by the Design Review Panel.

6.03 The secondary facade must additionally comply with standards 3.06, 3.07, 3.09 - 3.12, 3.14 - 3.16.

6.04 Front setbacks for corner lots are as per

standards 5.03 - 5.05, however the secondary facade must be setback a minimum of 2.0m from the secondary street boundary.

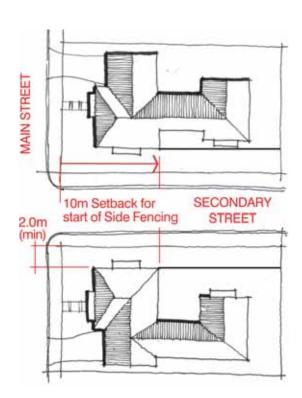
Eaves, gutters, elements and features of the primary facade repeated on the secondary facade may encroach up to 1.5m into the secondary boundary setback.

6.05 Fencing of the secondary property

boundary must begin no closer than 10m from the primary property boundary.

6.06 The facade and entrance to the home must face the primary frontage.







Driveways

The appearance of your front yard must contribute positively to the streetscape. Driveways and front yards need to be carefully planned and landscaped.

Crossovers from the road to your driveway will be determined by the developer of Carlingford and their location will be chosen to improve visual streetscape quality.

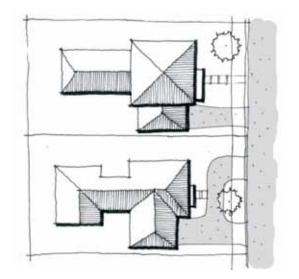
7Driveways

Objective:

To ensure that driveways do not detract from the appearance of the streetscape.

Design Standards

7.01 The developer will provide one crossover.







7.02

The driveway must be constructed of:

- Exposed Aggregate
- Coloured Concrete
- Pavers

in a colour sympathetic or complementary to the colour schemes in appendix 7.

Plain concrete and stencilled or patterned concrete will not be approved.









7.03 Driv

Driveways must be constructed within 30

days of the issue of the Occupancy Permit.

7.04

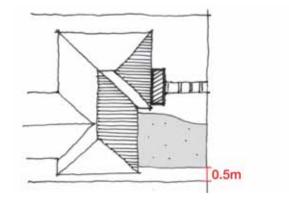
A minimum distance of 500mm between

the side boundary and the edge of the driveway is required where a planting strip is to be incorporated, except if the garage is sited on the boundary. In this case, the planting strip must be a minimum of 300mm.



For irrigation purposes a 90mm PVC storm water

pipe or similar pipe should be installed beneath the driveway 1 metre from the front property boundary. This will assist the installation of an irrigation system.







Fencing and Screening

8

Fencing and Screening

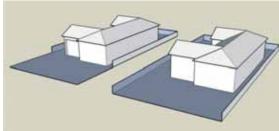
Fencing to rear and sides of house lots provides additional privacy and security, however it should not be unattractive to neighbours or visitors to these neighbourhoods. Additionally many elements of new homes though necessary, are unsightly and contribute to a cluttered streetscape. The effect can be diminished by careful screening and positioning of the items.

All lots are to be fenced in the same style and standard.

Objective:

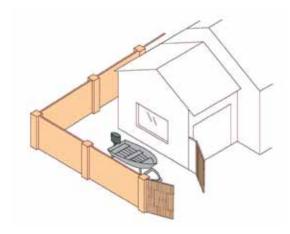
To improve the visual appearance to and from the street and avoid a sense of enclosure.











Design Standards



Fencing must be located on both side and

rear boundaries but not along the front boundary. Fencing to the side boundaries must not begin forward of the facade, unless that side boundary forms the rear boundary of an adjoining lot, in which case it must be fenced along the full length.

8.02 Side wing fencing must be situated no

closer than 800mm back from the facade.

8.03 Side wing fencing must be of the

same material and specification as the side and rear fencing. Side gates must complement the architectural character of the dwelling and must not be higher than 1.95m.

8.04 Side and rear fencing must be 1.95m high

natural timber lapped paling fence with exposed posts on both sides and capping.

8.05 The following items must be positioned

so they are not visible from the street. If this is genuinely not possible, they may be screened in a manner that complements the homes so they are not visible from the street:

- Water tanks
- Heating systems
- Satellite dishes
- Antennae
- Radio Masts
- Air Conditioning Units
- Evaporative Coolers
- External Plumbing (not including down pipes)
- Rubbish bins
- Pools
- Clothes lines

8.06

Solar hot water **tanks** must not be visible

from the street.

Solar panels only may be positioned anywhere on the roof to maximise their efficiency.



Landscaping

A key feature of Carlingford will be the quality of the landscaped parks, gardens and streetscapes.

Given current and expected climatic conditions, appropriate front garden design and plant selection will be important in contributing to a quality streetscape.

These standards will help to ensure that front gardens contribute positively to Carlingford Estate.

9Landscaping

Objective:

To create a vibrant and integrated streetscape.

Design Standards

9.01 Landscaping to the front garden must be completed within 6 months of the issue of the Certificate of Occupancy.

9.02 The intention for front gardens at Carlingford

is that they present a green, coherent and attractive vista within the streetscape. Consequently, front garden designs must:

- frame the house and create a "space" within the front yard area;
- present an "open" face to the street by utilising layering of plant heights, with higher plants generally furthest away from the street;
- limit the use of accent or highlight plants such that these do not become the dominant theme of the garden;
- reflect a contemporary character, in keeping with the overall architectural approach outlined in these Design Standards.

9.03 Each front garden must be planted with

a minimum of:

- one semi-mature tree (of 6-8m minimum height at maturity) with a minimum height of 2m at installation;
- 10 medium to large shrubs, from 200mm pot size at installation;
- 20 smaller shrubs, from 150mm pot size at installation;
- 20 25 ground cover plants, from 150mm pot size at installation.



Example of a landscaping plan











Landscaping





Dinaella revoluta



Convolvulus cnearum







Westringia fruticosa







Lavandula dentata







Callistemon Citrinus

Design Standards

Plants chosen must be hardy, drought tolerant

species, appropriate for basaltic clay soils, and must not be 'environmental weeds'

> Lawn may be used, 9.05 but should be

minimised or preferably substituted. Where lawn is used, it must be a drought tolerant "warm season" grass such as Couch, Buffalo or Kykuyu.

Where substituted, it may be substituted with:

- ground covers;
- densely planted tussock type species;
- ornamental gravels (such as river rock or pebbles); or
- natural coloured mulches.

Any lawn substitute must be hardy,

drought tolerant and have minimum maintenance requirements.

> Planted garden areas or garden beds must

be defined and separated from lawn areas or gravel areas with timber or paved edging.

> An automatic irrigation system that complies

with current water restrictions is encouraged in all front gardens.

> Letterboxes must be positioned on the front

boundary and purpose built to complement the style of the dwelling. Temporary letterboxes are not permitted. Letter boxes must be constructed prior to occupation.

Outbuildings

Outbuildings provide storage and increase the liveability of each residence. It is important that these structures fit harmoniously within the architectural character and form of the dwelling and are not visible from the street.



Objective:

To ensure that outbuildings are complementary to the dwellings and streetscapes.

Design Standards

Outbuildings must be 10.1 located to the rear of the property and must not be visible from the street.

> Outbuildings must not 10.2 exceed 20m² in floor

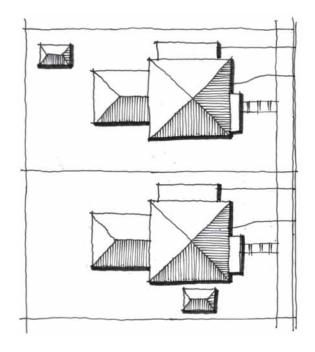
> > The design,

area and 3.6m in height.

Outbuildings must 10.3 not be constructed of materials other than brick, stone, rendered

concrete, painted concrete sheet, timber or coloured non-reflective metal.

10.4 appearance and colours of any outbuildings must complement the main dwelling.









Occupation

Occupying your home

The occupation process has been established in order to expedite the transformation from construction site to neighbourhood. Owners have an obligation to ensure their home <u>as a whole</u> is completed promptly after the completion of the building works. To this end there are strict timeframes for the installation of window coverings, driveways, letterboxes and landscaping.

Similarly after completion of the home as a whole, it is the owner's responsibility and neighbourly obligation to ensure ongoing compliance with the design standards and maintenance of the property in keeping with the high standard of the neighbourhood.

The Occupation Checklist accompanying this booklet will assist in keeping track of your occupation obligations.

Occupation process

Once you have indentified the date you intend to occupy your new home, complete and forward the Notice of Intention to Occupy accompanying this booklet to:

drp@cedarwoods.com.au

As required under your contract of sale, you must ensure this notice is received by Cedar Woods at least two weeks before the date you intend to occupy your home.

Additionally, you must provide Cedar Woods with a copy of your Occupancy Permit within one month of issue.

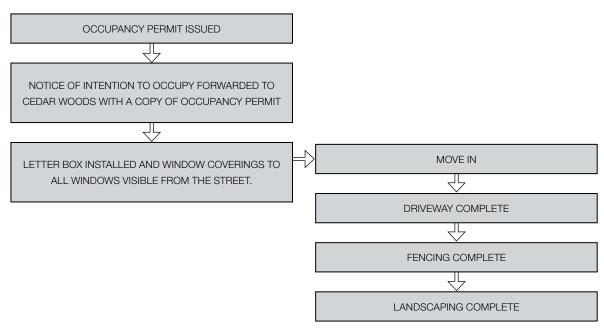
Occupation obligations

Owners must ensure the following works are completed within the allotted timeframes:

- · Letterboxes must be installed prior to occupation. Temporary letterboxes are not permitted
- Window coverings to all windows visible from the street must be installed prior to occupation.
- Driveways must be installed within 30 days of the issue of the Occupancy Permit.
- Landscaping to the front garden must be completed within 6 months of the issue of the Occupancy Permit.



Occupation process



Disclaimers:

These Design Standards apply to Carlingford. Cedar Woods reserves the right to amend these Design Standards over time to reflect changes in development, construction practices and planning regulations.

Cedar Woods Design Review Panel reserves the right to apply, enforce, vary or waive any of the requirements if on balance the application embodies the objectives of the design principles and conforms to the contemporary Australian architectural vision.

In the event that the Cedar Woods Design Review Panel allows a dispensation from the Design Standards, the dispensation will neither set a precedent nor imply that the approval will be repeated.

The purpose of images and illustrations contained within this document is to illustrate the Design Standard they apply to only. In the case that an image or illustration does not fully comply with the Design Standards this will not over-ride the wording or intent contained within this document, and approval for same will not be granted.

Design Standards from Sections 7, 8 and 9 do not apply to any allotments in the display village.

These Design Standards are not applicable to integrated housing developments and rear loaded lots.

Acknowledgements:

Photographic images of homes throughout provided by Henley Properties Group, Simonds Homes, Porter Davis Homes and Metricon Homes . Roof tile and concrete images provided by Boral. Landscaping images provided by MDG Landscaping.



Appendix 1

Example Exterior Colour Schemes Palette 1

No.	Material/Description	Use	Colour	Type/Finish	Code	Supplier
1	Render/Paint Finish	Walls/Columns – general	White Swan		73861	Dulux
2	Render/Paint Finish	Walls/Columns – general	Berkshire White		73712	Dulux
3	Render/Paint Finish	Walls/Columns – general	Khaki		49C-2T	Wattyl
4	Render/Paint Finish	Walls/Columns – general	Plain Tree			Wattyl
5	Face Brick	Walls/Columns – general	Vanilla	Nuvo		Boral
6	Block Work	Walls/Columns – general	Alabaster	Split Face		Boral
7	Timber	Cladding/Screens	Grey Iron Bark			
8	Feature Special Finish	Walls/Columns – Feature	Fool's Gold	Industrial Lustre		Porter's Paints
9	Roof Tile	Roof	Antique Bronze	Terracotta Shingle		Boral
10	Powder Coat Colour	Frames	Mother of Pearl		84678	Dulux/Orica
11	Colorbond	Gutters & Trims	Jasper			Bluescope Steel





Palette 2

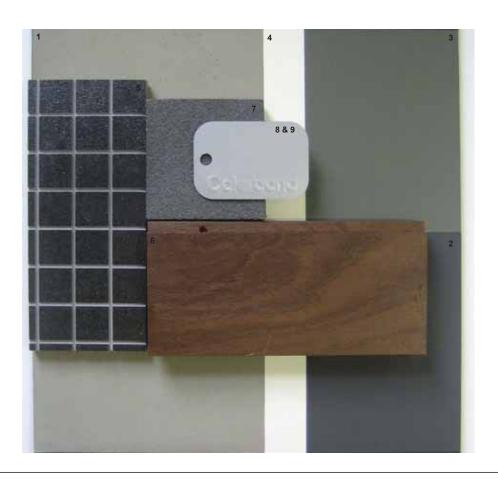
No.	Material/Description	Use	Colour	Type/Finish	Code	Supplier
1	Render/Paint Finish	Walls/Columns – general	Whisper White		PCWF6	Dulux
2	Render/Paint Finish	Walls/Columns – general	Charcoal Light		P13A6	Dulux
3	Render/Paint Finish	Walls/Columns – general	Concrete Pot		WASWSGST018 (ID stone)	Wattyl
4	Render/Paint Finish	Walls/Columns – general	Oyster Linen		P16B3	Dulux
5	Face Brick	Walls/Columns – general	Labassa	Elan		Boral
6	Block Work	Walls/Columns – general	Alabaster	Split Face		Boral
7	Timber	Cladding/Screens	Grey Iron Bark			
8	Feature Special Finish	Walls/Columns – Feature	Quarry	Industrial Lustre		Porter's Paints
9	Roof Tile	Roof	Eclipse	Terracotta Shingle		Boral
10	Powder Coat Colour	Frames	Charcoal		88351	Dulux/Orica
11	Colorbond	Gutters & Trims	To match Dulux Charcoal 88351			Bluescope Steel





Palette 3

No.	Material/Description	Use	Colour	Type/Finish	Code	Supplier
1	Render/Paint Finish	Walls/Columns – general	Wet Cement			Murobond
2	Render/Paint Finish	Walls/Columns – general	Cumberland		13A-1A	Wattyl
3	Render/Paint Finish	Walls/Columns – general	Monolith			Wattyl
4	Render/Paint Finish	Walls/Columns – general	Fair Bianca		PW2D6 Half Strength	Dulux
5	Exterior Wall Tile	Walls/Columns – general	Charcoal	Metallic/ Glazed Ceramic	KGM030983B	Italpro/Dingley Ceramic Tile Centre
6	Timber	Cladding/Screens	Iron Bark			
7	Roof Tile	Roof	Charcoal Grey	Flat Concrete		Boral
8	Powder Coat Colour	Frames	To match Color- bond Citi			Dulux/Orica
9	Colorbond Colour	Gutters & Trims	Citi Metallic			Bluescope Steel





Palette 4

No.	Material/Description	Use	Colour	Type/Finish	Code	Supplier
1	Render/Paint Finish	Walls/Columns – general	Worn Path		39C-2T	Wattyl
2	Render/Paint Finish	Walls/Columns – general	White Swan		73861	Dulux
3	Render/Paint Finish	Walls/Columns – general	Tea House		PG1F6	Dulux
4	Face Brick	Walls/Columns – general	Domino	Escura		Boral
5	Timber	Cladding/Screens	Forest Red			
6	Feature Stone Option	Walls/Columns – Feature	Grampians	Split Face Stack Stone		Eco Concepts
7	Feature Special Finish	Walls/Columns – Feature	White Iron & Instant Rust			Porter's Paints
8	Roof Tile	Roof	Eclipse	Terracotta Shingle		Boral
9	Powder Coat Colour	Frames	Black	Matt	19319	Dulux/Orica
10	Colorbond	Gutters & Trims	Facade Metallic			Bluescope Steel





Appendix 2

Landscaping Themes

rdens rlingtord Front D













ntroduction

important part of your overall neighbourhood character. This document provides a selection gardens and streetscapes. Appropriate front garden design and plant selection forms an A key feature of the Carlingford community will be the quality of the landscaped parks, of front gardens designed to create a vibrant and integrated streetscape.

Inderstanding the design options

planting palette. The gardens are designed to suit both standard lots and corner lot types, and This document contains 6 front garden landscape designs, each with a different style and can be adapted to suit your individual lot orientation and house plan.

The plans depict an indicative representation of each of the garden designs, together with an ndicative "elevation" view of how that garden might look at maturity on a typical house.

plant in the design, the first one shown is suitable for north and west facing gardens. The plant code shown in square brackets after the number is the required atternative plant for a south or -bwever, because different plants have differing tderance to sun or shade, the plant list identiies alternative species for shady conditions. Where two plant codes are shown for the same The list of plants gives the names and sizes of the range of plants for that garden design. east facing garden. The tree shown in each of the designs can be selected from the list of three alternatives shown in the plant list. Asmall picture of each of the plants is shown on the design sheets also.

Selecting your front garden

Before making your selection, the following are some questions to consider in deciding which garden is most suitable for you.

Which garden will suit the design and character of your new house?

suit your style. It is important to consider which of these themes will be most complementary to the style of your house. You should also pay attention to the house plan and the location of windows, porch and driveway, in order to maximize views and access, whilst allowing for You may select a design from one of the following examples, or design your own garden to screening and privacy.

Which garden will work with the layout and orientation of your site?

will therefore determine the species selection in your new garden. There is a choice of 3 trees dependent on site layout and the design of your home. Note that some of the designs accomnorth facing gardens are slightly different from south facing ones. The crientation of your site for each garden design, from which you will be able to choose one. The garden will also vary The gardens have been designed to suit different lot orientations - for example, the plants for depending on whether the lot is mid-block or comer. Paths and access requirements will be nodate an "alternative" path location (shown dotted) which may suit your home more.

Which garden will fit your individual requirements?

maintenance you would like to contribute to the garden. Also consider how you will use this Finally, choose a garden which will most suit your lifestyle. Consider the level of care and

Installation

Before you install your landscape, the following conditions should be met.

- the dwelling construction must be fully completed
- all rubbish, rubble and vegetation must be removed and a level grade provided to the landscape areas, with a maximum level difference of 300mm;
- a 90mm PVC stormwater pipe should be installed beneath the driveway on the property, offset 1m from the title boundary.

The timing of installation of the works should consider the prevailing weather conditions. Generally, no landscape installation works should be carried out in the summer months.

Maintenance

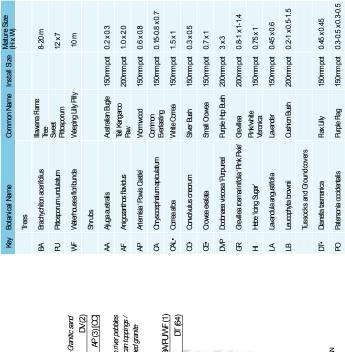
time it is completed. Please be aware of any prevailing water restrictions in maintaining your The home owner will be responsible for the care and maintenance of the garden from the garden. Contact Yarra Valley Water for the restrictions prevailing at any time.

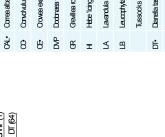




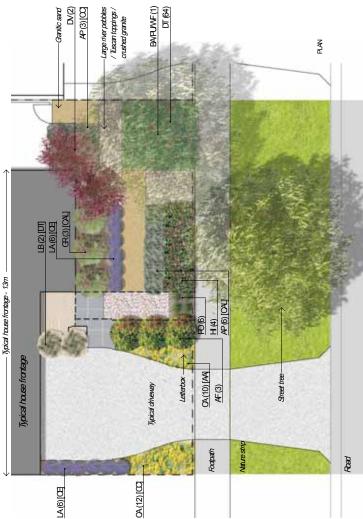
Carlingford







NOTE
• Sexies in trackets to be used as substitutes for east and south fazing lots





















Mature Size (Hx W)

Carlingford 16L, 1.5mhigh 6-8 x3-5 · Species in brackets to be used as substitutes for east and south facing lots Install Size Australian Bugle 150mmpdt 200mmpdt 150mmpdt 150mmpdt 150mmpot 150mmpdt 150mmpdt 150mmpd Beautiful Correa 200mmpdt Common Correa 200mmpdt 200mmpd 200mmpdt 200mmpd 150mmpdt 150mmpdt 150mmpt Lilly Fine-Leafed Tarika Mat Rush Greeping Bootialla Harpin Banksia Birthday Candles Common Exertasting Red bottlebrush Rund-leave Mrt Bush Gey Leaf Aust. Rosemary Coast Banksia Kidhey Oeeper Spreading Hax Small Crowea Draping She Oak Tall Kangaroo BlueHbiscus réllow Carrea WoollyWettle White Correa Bottlebrush Siver Bush Common Callistemon viminalis 'Captain Oook' Westringia frutioosa 'Smokey' Tussocks and Groundcover: **Onyscoephalumapiculatum** Banksia spirulosa 'Birthday Carolles' Lomandra longifdia 'Tanika' Danella revoluta 'Little Rev **Prostanthera rotundifolia** Alocasuarina verticillata MP Myoporum parvifolium Correa pulchella 'Write' Anigozanthos flavidus Canolyulus arearum Correabackhousiana Callistemonditrinus Banksia integrifolia Dichordra repers Alyogyne huegelii Botanical Name Orowea exalata Acmenasmithii Ajugaaustralis Acacialarigera Correareflexa CAL Correction Shrubs g 8 ė 8 ಆ 88 ψ 5 -Lage river pebbles / Tuscan toppings/ crushed granite -Ganiticsand AS/AV/BI (1) MP (78) [DR AH(3)[00] PAN CV(3)[FR] CR(4)[CB+DT] WF(6)[03] DR(12) CP(2)[CM] OR(4) [CB+DT] Typical house frontage Typical hausefrortage - 14m CA(10)[AN] CV(2) OP(1)[CAL] AF(2) BS(3)[00] LL(11) Typical drivenay Footpath Road AL (5) [CAL] (9) ||

0.3-0.4 x 0.3-0.5

0.1-0.3 x 1.5-2

BEVATION

0.5-0.7 x 0.8

0.6-0.9 x 1.2-1.8

0.3-1 x 0.8-1.5

2-4×2-3

0.7 × 1

0.3 x 0.5

1.5 x 1 12×1 0.5-1.5 x 1.2

1-2×1-1.5 1.5 x 1.5

0.5-1 x 1-1.5 0.15-0.8 x 0.7

0.2 x 0.3

2.5 x 2.5

Common Name Install Size (HxW)

Botanical Name

			Road	
PLAN			Nature strip	
			Street tree	HFMJTL (1)
	(SA)	AF(2) PO(10)	RCP (4) MU (4)	Fodpath MU(6)
IA.	. Letterbox		SPECIAL SPECIAL	CA (10)
ECA(1)[D		-		H(3)[8 3
	-0	100 (d)		AA(3)[AM] CT(2)
02	lytical antekkaj			Lage river pobbles // / Tuscan toppings/ aushed grante
			ROP(3)	
	PO(3)	ECA (2) [DB] LF(1)		Ganitic sand ──>
	ладе	Typical hause frontage		医(1)四
	ortage - 13m	Typical housefrortage - 13m	\	

			Read	
PAN			Nature strip	
17.据名			Street tree	HFIMUTL(1)
	୍ଡିନା	AF(2) PO(10)	MU(4)	AU(6) RCP (4)
LA(2)				
ECA(1)[DB	S	(d)		
(S) C4	Typical driveway		100 APP (3)	
	PO(3)	ECA(2)[DE]		•
	Typical hase frontage	Typical		
	ypuanusendrage - 1911	artis -		

200mmpdt 1-2 x1-1.5

200mmpdt 1 x 1.5

Tree Aecnium

Aecrium arboreum

Alce maculata

150mmpot 1x1

Sweet Willow Myrtle

Agonis flexuosa 'Nana'

8×5

Kanooka

Tristaniopsis laurina

Shrubs

Native Frangipari 2mhigh Bull Bay Magndia 2mhigh

Hymenosparum flavum

Magnoliagrandiflora

200mmpd 1.8 x 1.8

Mexican Orange

Bottlebrush

Calistemon viminalis' Captain Cook

200mmpdt 1.8 x 1.8

Pride of Madeira

200mmpot 1x2

Gymea∐ly

Daryanthes excelsa

Ů

Choisya temata

р 5

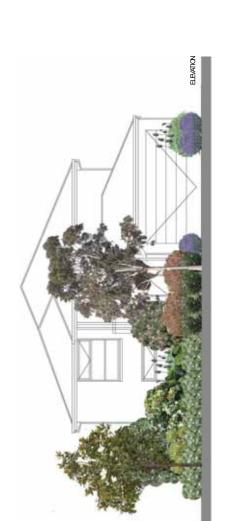
Echium candicans

8

Milkweed Spurge 150mmpdt 1.2×1

Expharbia characias 'Wufenii'

8





150mmpdt 0.5 x 0.5

PO Patersonia occidentalis

Species in brackets to be used as substitutes for east and south facing lots

150mmpd 0.8 x 0.6

150mmpdt 0.4 x 0.4

Bue Pax Lily

Tussocks and Groundcovers Danella caerulea 'Cassa Blue'

150mmpot 1.2 x 0.6

150mmpdt 0.3-0.6 x 1-2

Honey Myrtle

Melateuca hypericifdia' Uladula Beacon

Loricerafragrantissima

Rosmaninus officinalis prostrate

þ

Salvia greggii

Rosmainus officinalis

200mmpdt 1.2-1.8 x

150mmpot 0.9 x 1.2

English Lavender Winter Howening

Lavandulaangustifdia

Hebe Dwarf Gepe Myrtle

Lagarstroamia indica 'Zuri'

÷ ≤

150mmpd 0.3-0.6 x 1

Gardenia augusta 'Radicans'

Q

Habe Iding Sugar

150mmpd 3x3

Preapple Quava

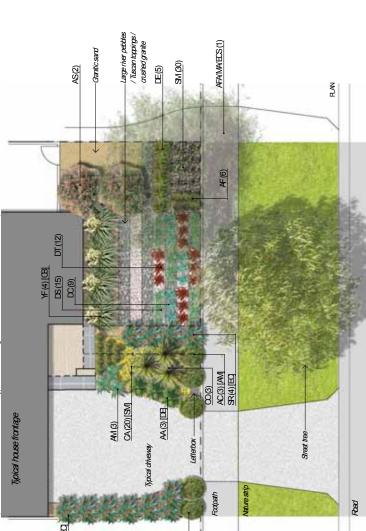
Feijoa sellowiama

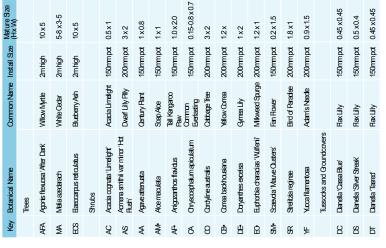
ε

150mmpdt 0.75 x 1









NOTE

• Secies in trackets to be used as substitutes for east and south facing bots



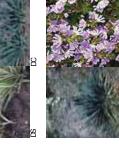
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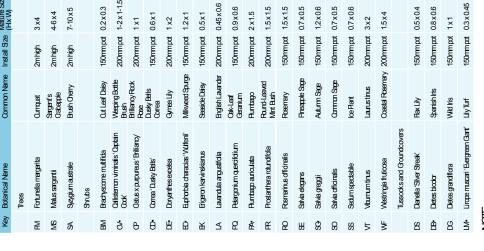








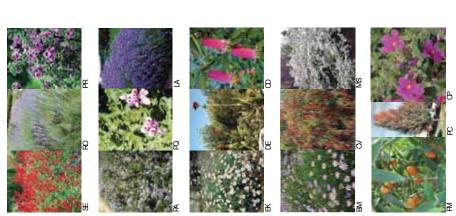


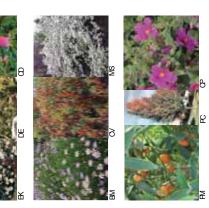










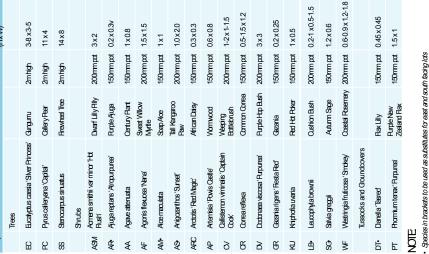




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B.EMATION



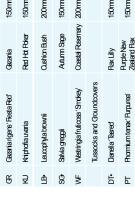
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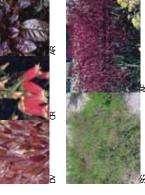






















Appendix 3

Notice of Intention to Occupy

Details
Lot number Street number
Street
Owner/s Names
Contact phone number
Date you intend to occupy your home
Date certificate of occupancy issued
☐ Copy of certificate of occupancy attached
I/We undertake to abide by the occupation obligations listed on page 31.
Signed by Owners

